

RSPCA report on animal outcomes from our shelters, care and adoption centres

2018-19

The RSPCA is Australia's oldest, largest and most trusted animal welfare organisation. With this privileged position comes great responsibility. This year we received¹ 124,146 animals into our animal shelters and adoption centres across the country.

We are pleased to report that over the past 10 years we have adopted out, reunited with their owners or released back into the wild 730,703 animals. This includes 350,447 dogs/puppies and 283,631 cats/kittens that were adopted or reunited with owners.

With a great deal of effort from RSPCAs all over the country, adoption and reclaiming rates nationally have been increasing over time and significant improvements in the outcomes for cats and dogs (including kittens and puppies) have been achieved. This can be attributed to the introduction of new approaches and programs to increase the number of animals adopted and reunited with their owners. These include highly visible public initiatives, as well as substantial work behind-the-scenes, such as:

- **Extensive promotion of the wonderful animals we have available for adoption** through www.adoptapet.com.au, social media, events and traditional media.
- **Increasing community awareness and support for the value of adopting animals** from shelters and rescue groups more broadly, including through media stories and events.
- **Additional proactive and creative adoption initiatives**, including national events such as Clear the Shelters, promotions around special days and occasions (e.g., Valentine's Day), promotions focusing on senior animals, promoting adoption of a mother cat and kitten or two kittens together, as well as setting up adoption centres in shopping precincts and pet retail adoption partners such as PetBarn.
- **Working with smaller rescue groups** to extend the reach of adoption initiatives.
- **Providing services to reunite lost pets with their owners.**
- **Providing community and shelter-based desexing schemes** to reduce the number of unplanned pregnancies and unwanted animals, including initiatives reaching pet owners experiencing financial hardship.
- **Expanding foster care networks** to cater for greater numbers of animals. Animals cared for in foster homes may include pregnant animals, those with young litters, orphaned kittens and puppies, seniors, those with special needs, those recovering from surgery, those needing to build their confidence or requiring behavioural training in a home setting, and those that don't cope well in a shelter environment.
- **Dedicated behavioural trainers** that put in place behavioural modification and management plans for animals requiring specialist support, and who also provide post adoption behavioural classes.
- **Advances in clinical veterinary care** including isolation facilities and improved processes in shelter disease management and surgical rehabilitation.
- **Adoption follow up** with new owners to ensure pets are settling into their new homes and owners are provided with additional information and referral to appropriate telephone or on-site support services.

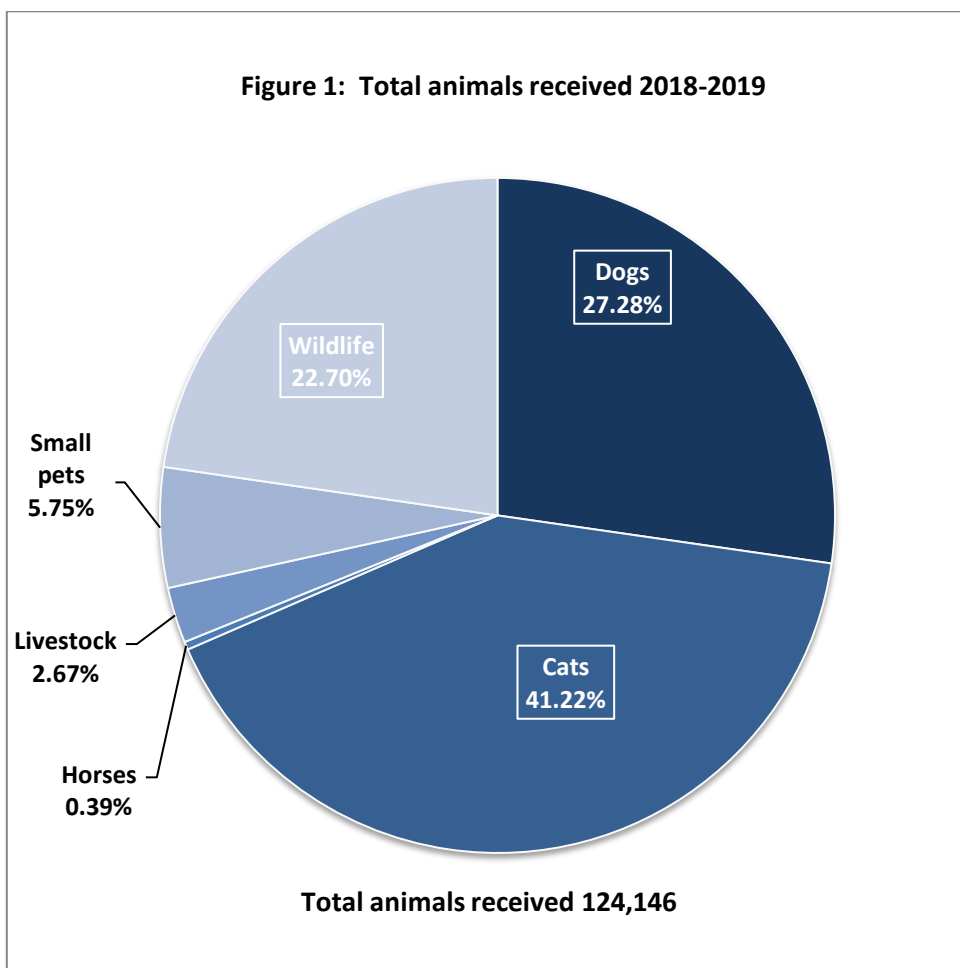
¹ Received throughout this report refers to all animals in RSPCA facilities during the 2018-19 financial year.

- **Community information, awareness raising and education** targeting responsible pet ownership and working with local councils, strata committees and landlords to encourage support for pet ownership.
- **Monitoring current research and investment in Australian-based research** to ensure evidence-based approaches to animal welfare.
- **Passionate staff and volunteers** who work tirelessly for the animals in their care.

All animals

In 2018-19, the RSPCA cared for 124,146 animals including 33,863 dogs, 51,170 cats, 479 horses, 3,309 livestock animals, 7,142 small pets (such as mice, rabbits, guinea pigs, birds, fish and ferrets) and 28,183 native and introduced wild animals such as wombats, kangaroos, possums and reptiles (see Figure 1).

This was a decrease of 8,511 animals or -6.42% from 2017-18 when we received¹ 132,657 animals.



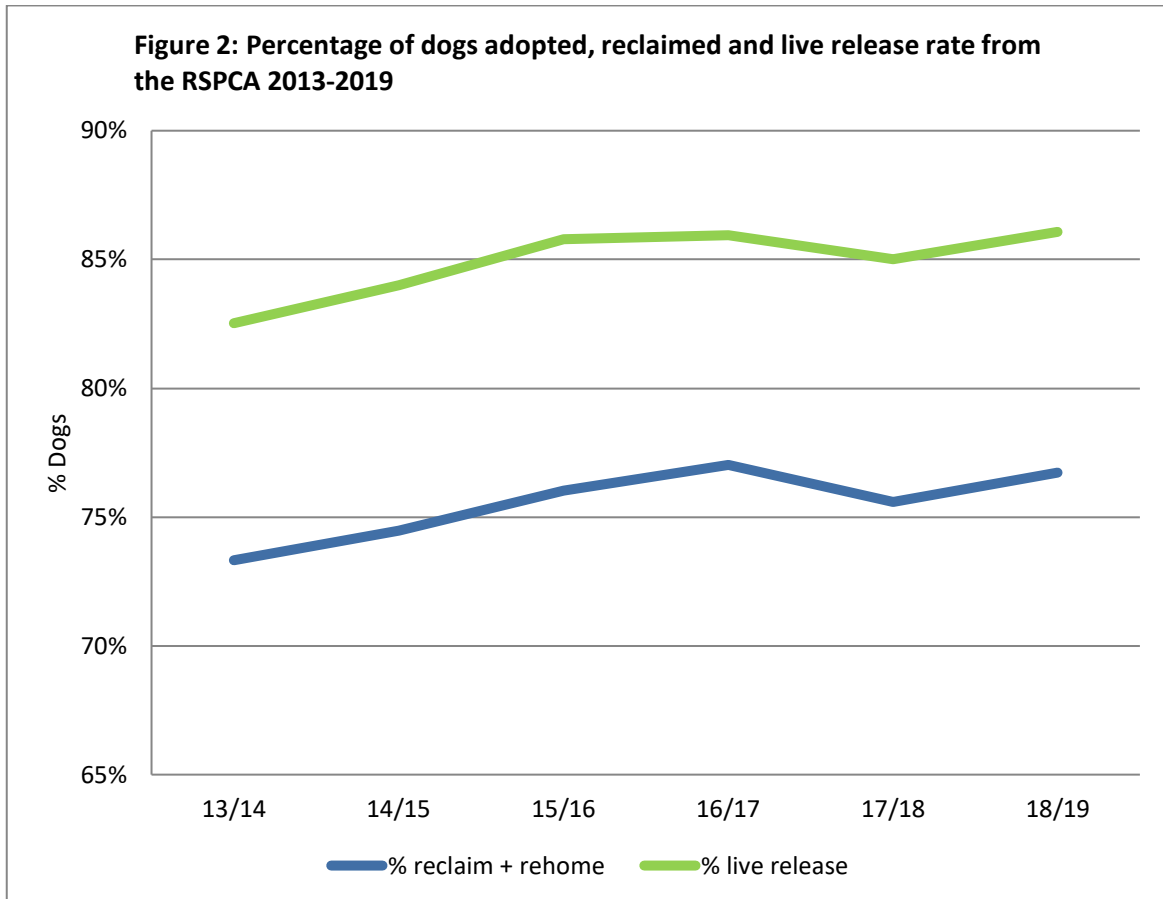
Note: The total number of animals coming into the care of the RSPCA can be influenced by many factors including the number of local council animal management (pound) contracts the RSPCA might manage in any one year.

¹ Received refers to all animals in RSPCA facilities during the 2018-19 financial year.

Dogs

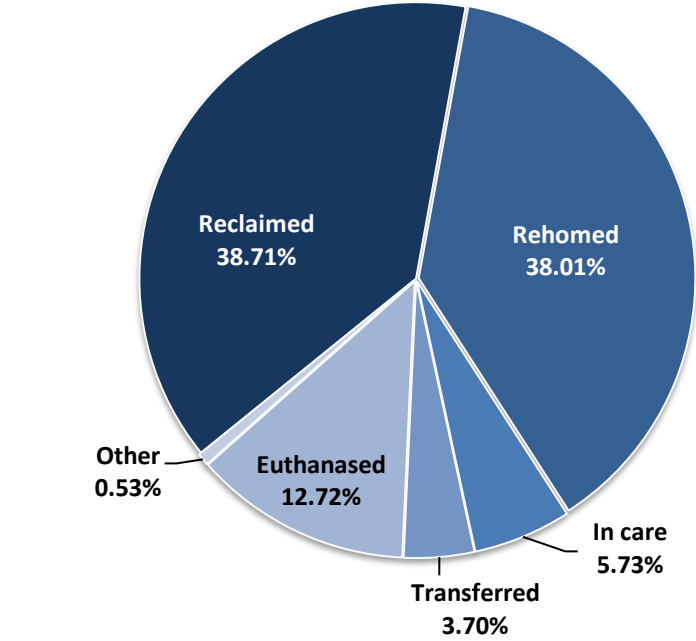
During the 2018-19 financial year, the RSPCA received¹ 33,863 dogs with 76.72% of dogs being adopted or reunited with their owners (see figures 2, 3 and 4).

An additional measure for monitoring change over time is what's called the live release rate (LRR). The 2018-19 LRR for dogs was 86.07%, which is an increase of 1.06% compared to the previous year. The LRR is the percentage of dogs that were adopted, reclaimed by their owner or transferred to a rescue group or other non-RSPCA facility as a percentage of the total number of dogs received (not including those currently in care or categorised as 'other') for the 2018-2019 financial year.



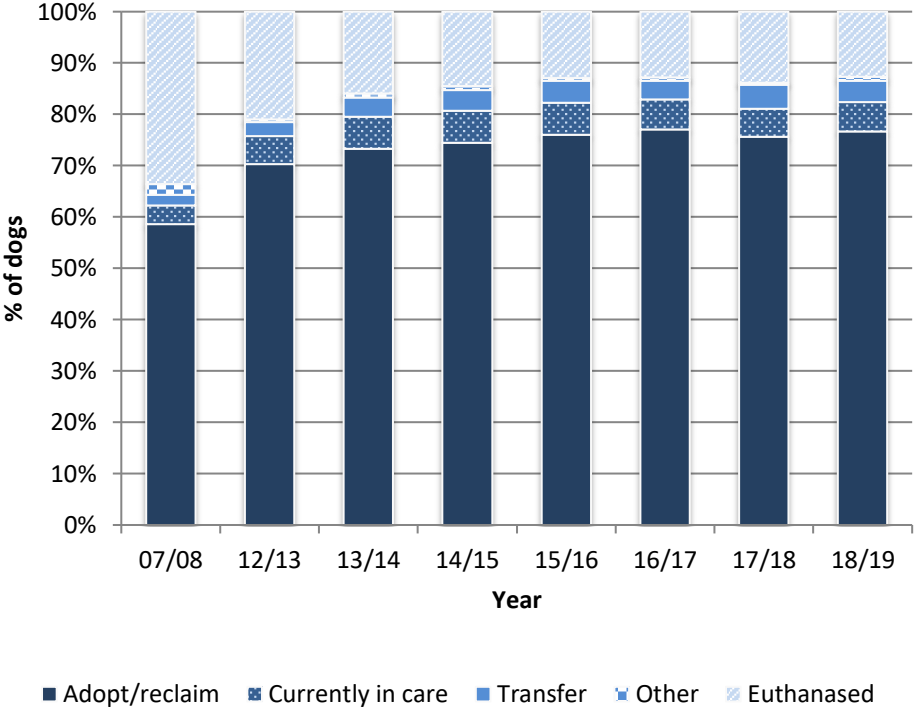
¹ Received refers to all dogs in RSPCA facilities during the 2018-2019 financial year.

Figure 3: Outcomes for dogs 2018-2019



Total dogs received 33,863

Figure 4: Outcomes for dogs selected years 2007-2019

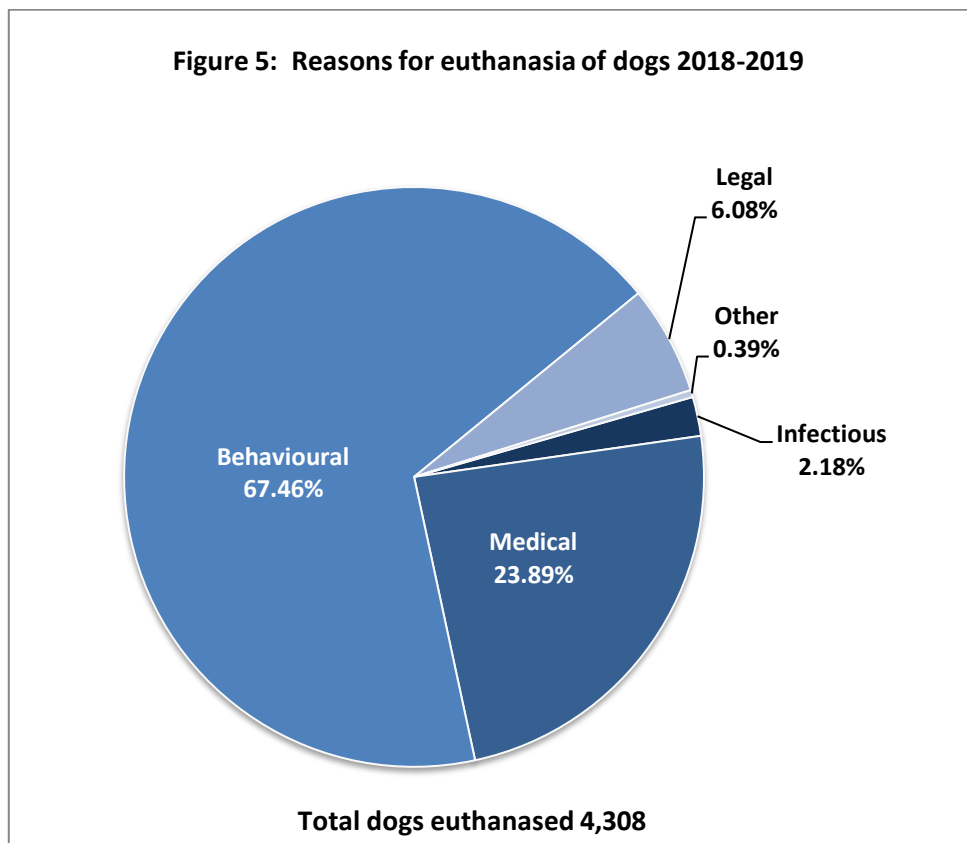


Many more owners reclaim lost dogs from the RSPCA than they do lost cats (13,107 or 38.71% of dogs compared to 2,665 or 5.21% of cats).

The increased use of microchip identification for dogs supports reuniting lost dogs with their owner. This increase in adoption and reuniting with owners is also the result of our proactive tracing services, care, and rehabilitation activities leading to a decrease in euthanasia.

Sadly, 12.72% (4,308) of dogs/puppies were still humanely euthanased (see Figure 5). We remain focused on adopting all animals that are suitable for adoption.

Of the dog that were euthanased, the majority of cases are because of severe behavioural issues (67.5%). This includes aggression and severe anxiety that the RSPCA is not able to or has not been able to treat through behavioural modification programs. Such issues can compromise the dog's welfare and quality of life, as well as being a safety risk to adults, children and other animals in the community.

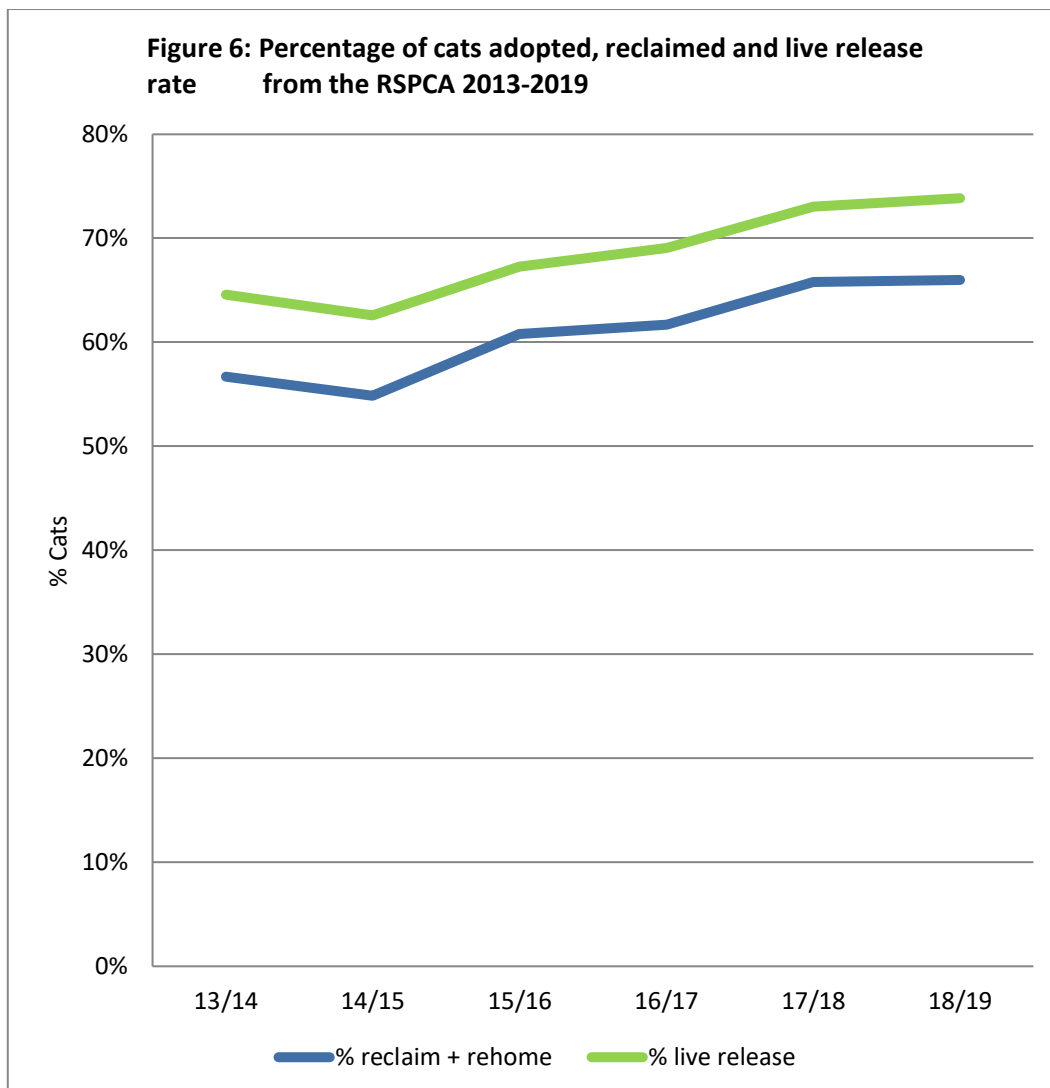


Cats

The proportion of cats and kittens who have been adopted by the RSPCA remains at a similar level this year, 60.79% (31,105 cats), reflecting the continued success of new adoption approaches and programs (see figures 6, 7 and 8). The proportion of cats reclaimed by their owners this year has increased compared to the previous year to 5.21% (2,665 cats), possibly due to the increasing uptake of microchip identification for cats.

An additional measure for monitoring change over time is the live release rate (LRR). The 2018-19 live release rate for cats and kittens was 73.86%, which is the highest LRR we have achieved to date. The LRR is the percentage of cats that were adopted, reclaimed by their owner or transferred to a rescue group or other non-RSPCA facility as a percentage of the total number of cats received¹ (not including those currently in care or categorised as 'other') for the 2018-19 financial year.

Despite a similar percentage of cats and kittens being adopted and a higher percentage reclaimed than in the previous year, unfortunately, 22.94% (11,740) of cats/kittens were still humanely euthanased (see Figure 9). However, this is a decrease of almost 7% from the previous year.



¹ Received refers to all cats in RSPCA facilities during the 2018-19 financial year.

Figure 7: Outcomes for cats 2018-2019

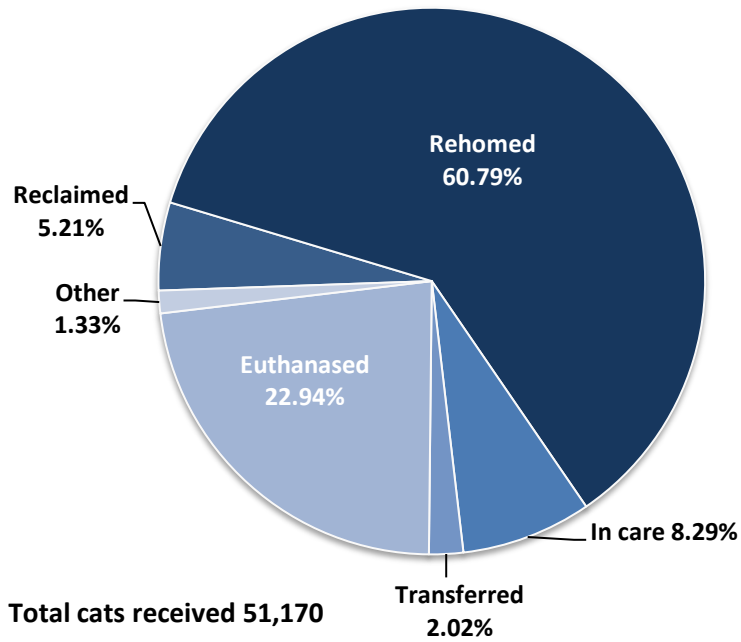


Figure 8: Outcomes for cats selected years 2007-2019

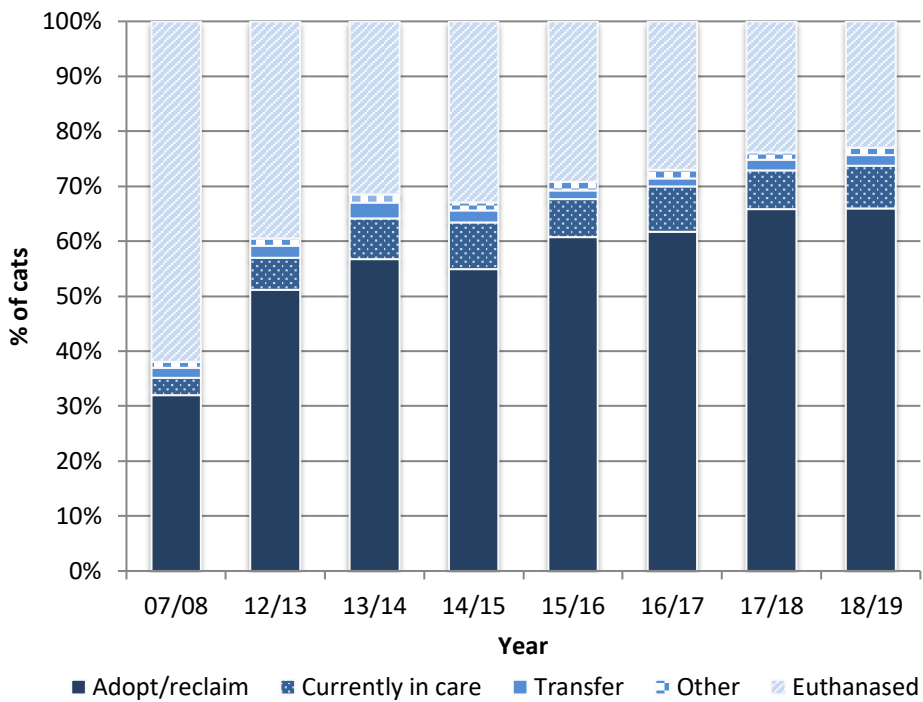
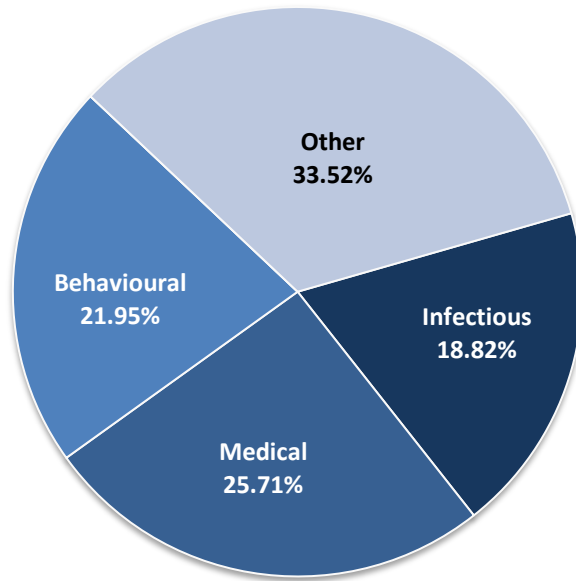


Figure 5: Reasons for euthanasia of cats 2018-2019



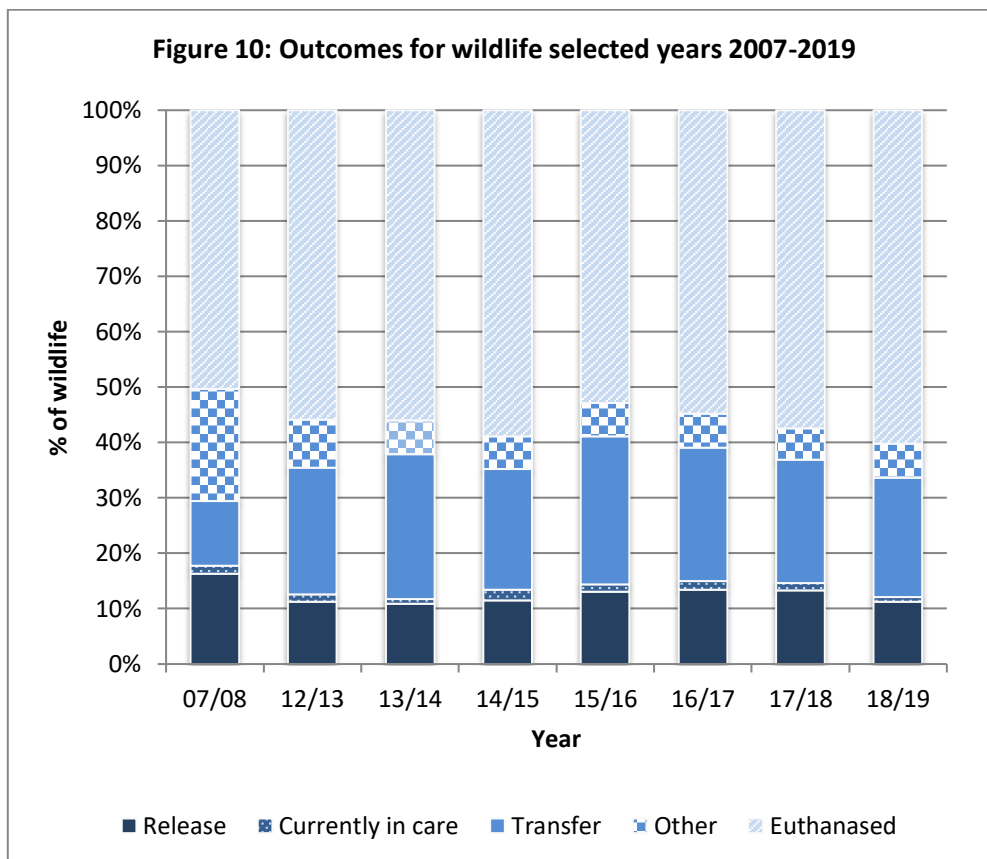
Total cats euthanased 11,740

Wildlife

The number of wildlife presented to the RSPCA has significantly increased in the past decade, since 1998-99 (8,374 animals in 1998-99 to 28,183 animals in 2018-19).

Usually, wildlife (native and introduced) is presented to the RSPCA by members of the community and private veterinary clinics because they have been injured or orphaned. RSPCA QLD particularly operates specialist wildlife clinics and receive, treat, rehabilitate and re-release wildlife.

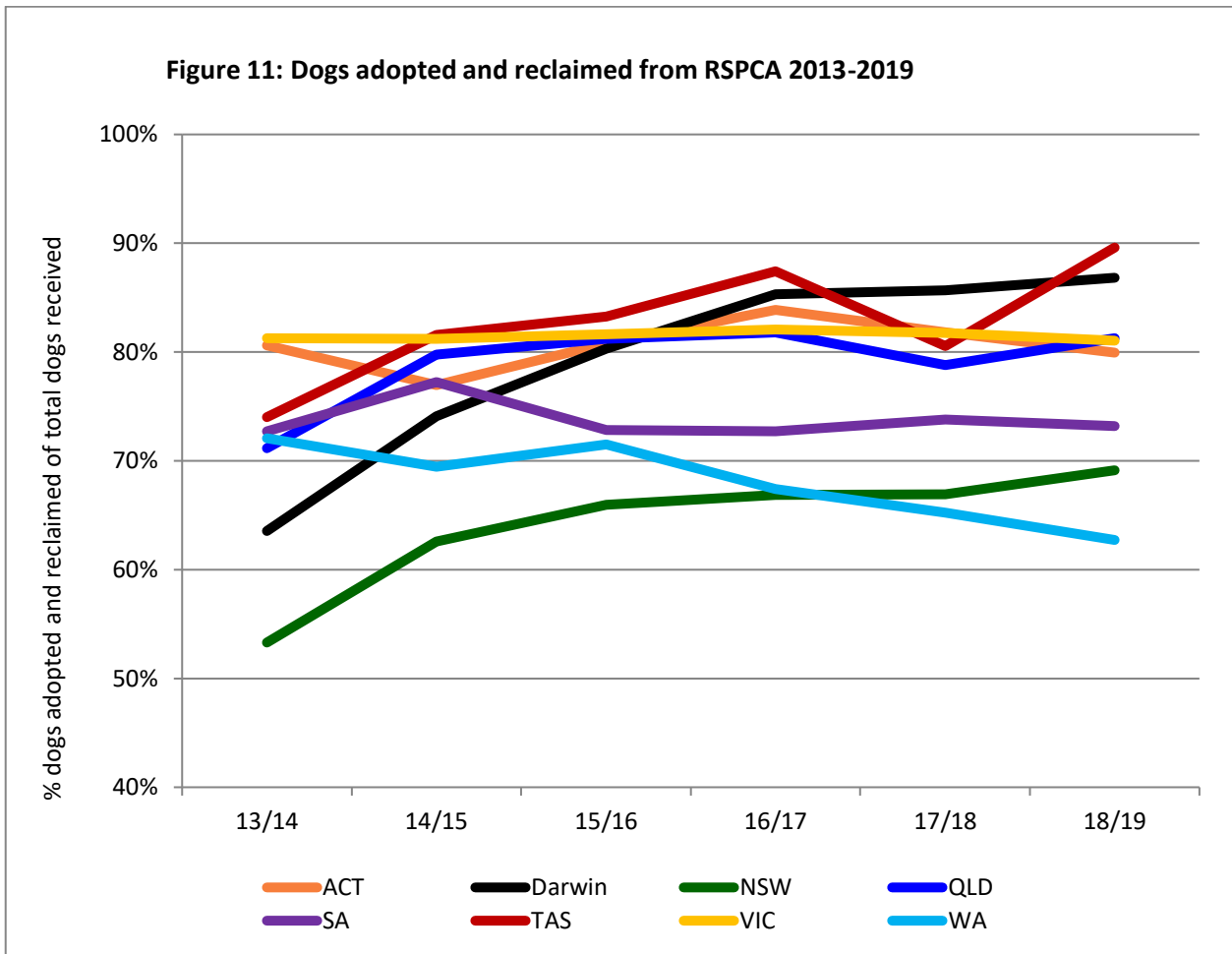
In 2018-19, the RSPCA re-released 11.3% (3,178) of wildlife received¹ following treatment and rehabilitation and transferred 6,063 (21.5%) to specialist groups or other non-RSPCA facilities. Unfortunately, many of the injuries can cause significant pain and suffering and/or compromise survival in the wild and the RSPCA performs a difficult but valuable role relieving this suffering through humane euthanasia. In 2018-19, 60.2% of all wildlife received was humanely euthanased (see Figure 10).



¹ Received refers to all wildlife in RSPCA facilities during the 2018-19 financial year.

Trends by state/territory RSPCA

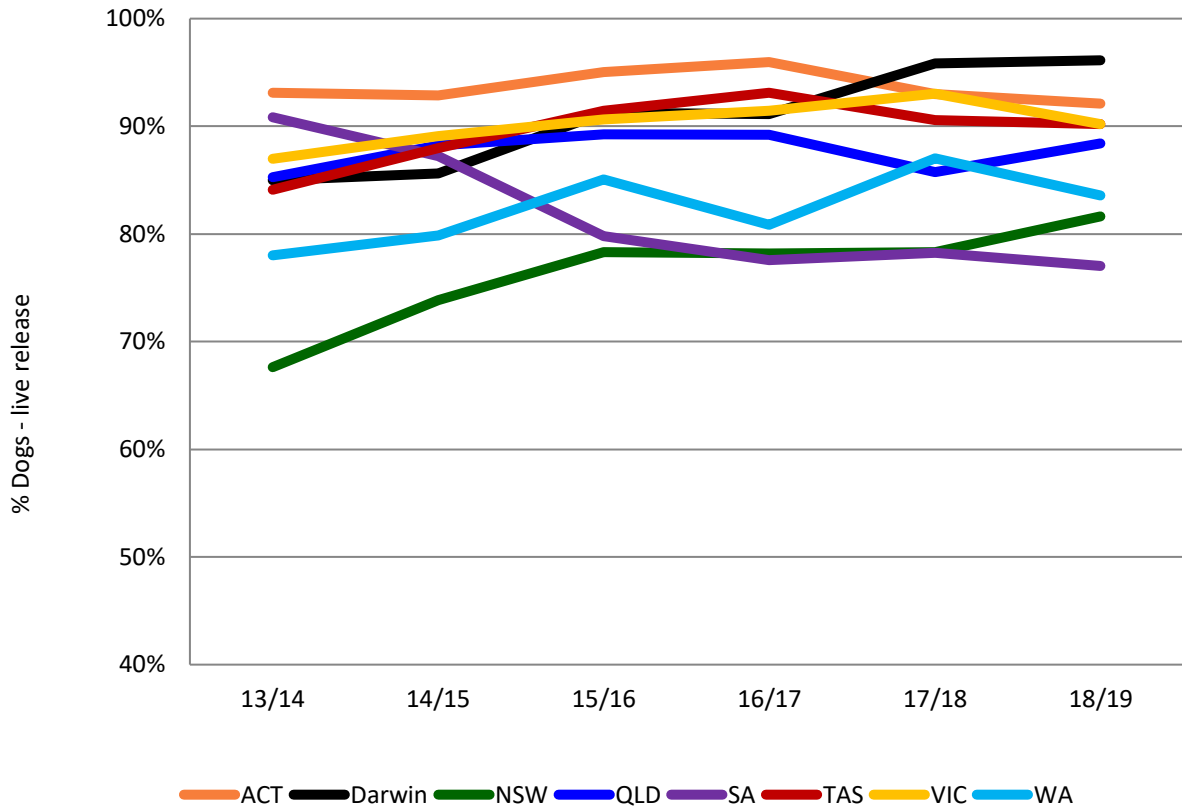
Dog adoption and reclaim by owner rates by state are shown in Figure 11 and live release rate by state in Figure 12.



¹Note: Some RSPCA facilities may have a larger proportion of animals currently in long-term care which can influence the adoption and reclaim rate.

¹ RSPCA NSW does not include Council animals for FY 2011-2014.

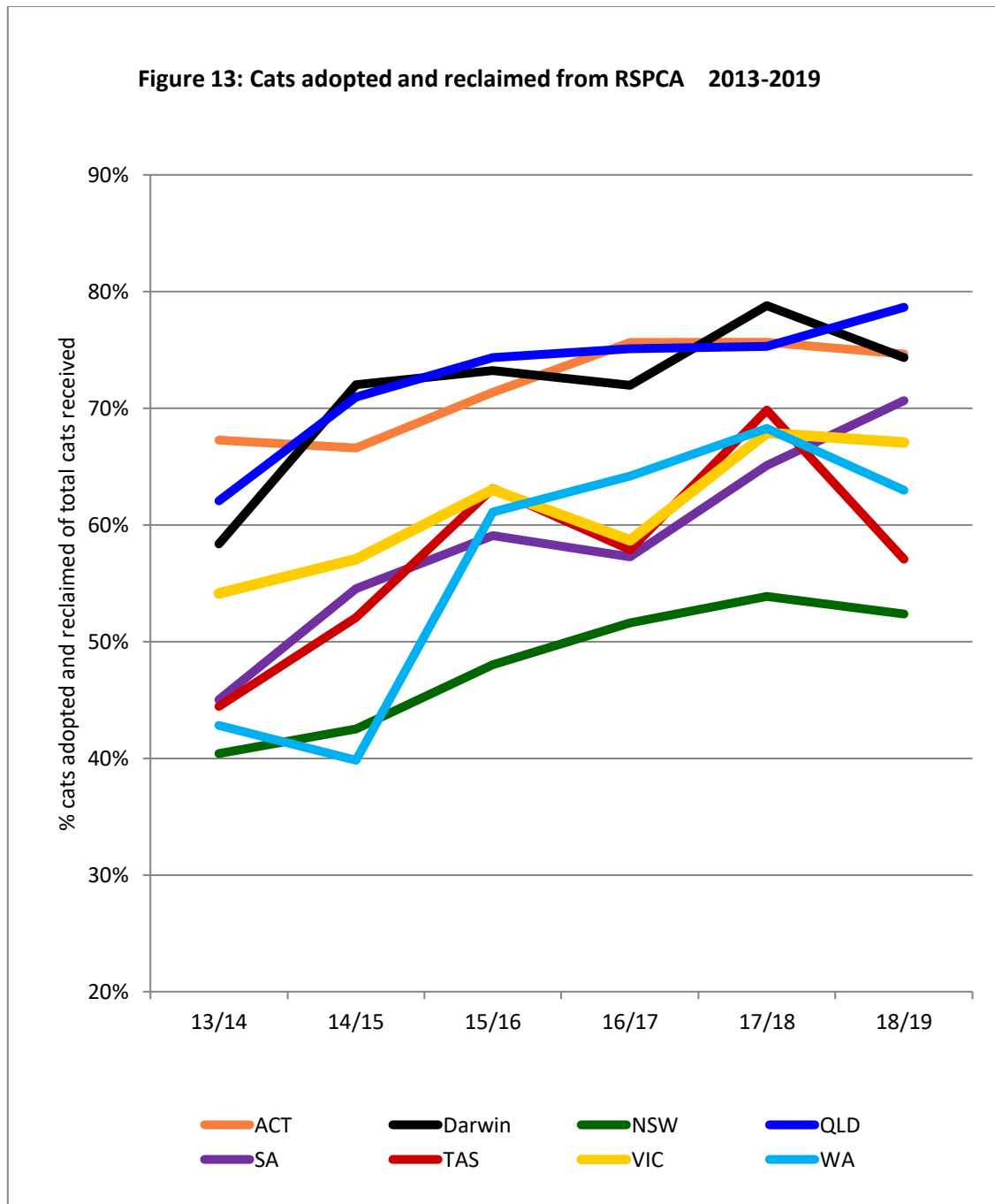
Figure 12: Dogs - live release rate from RSPCA 2013-2019



1

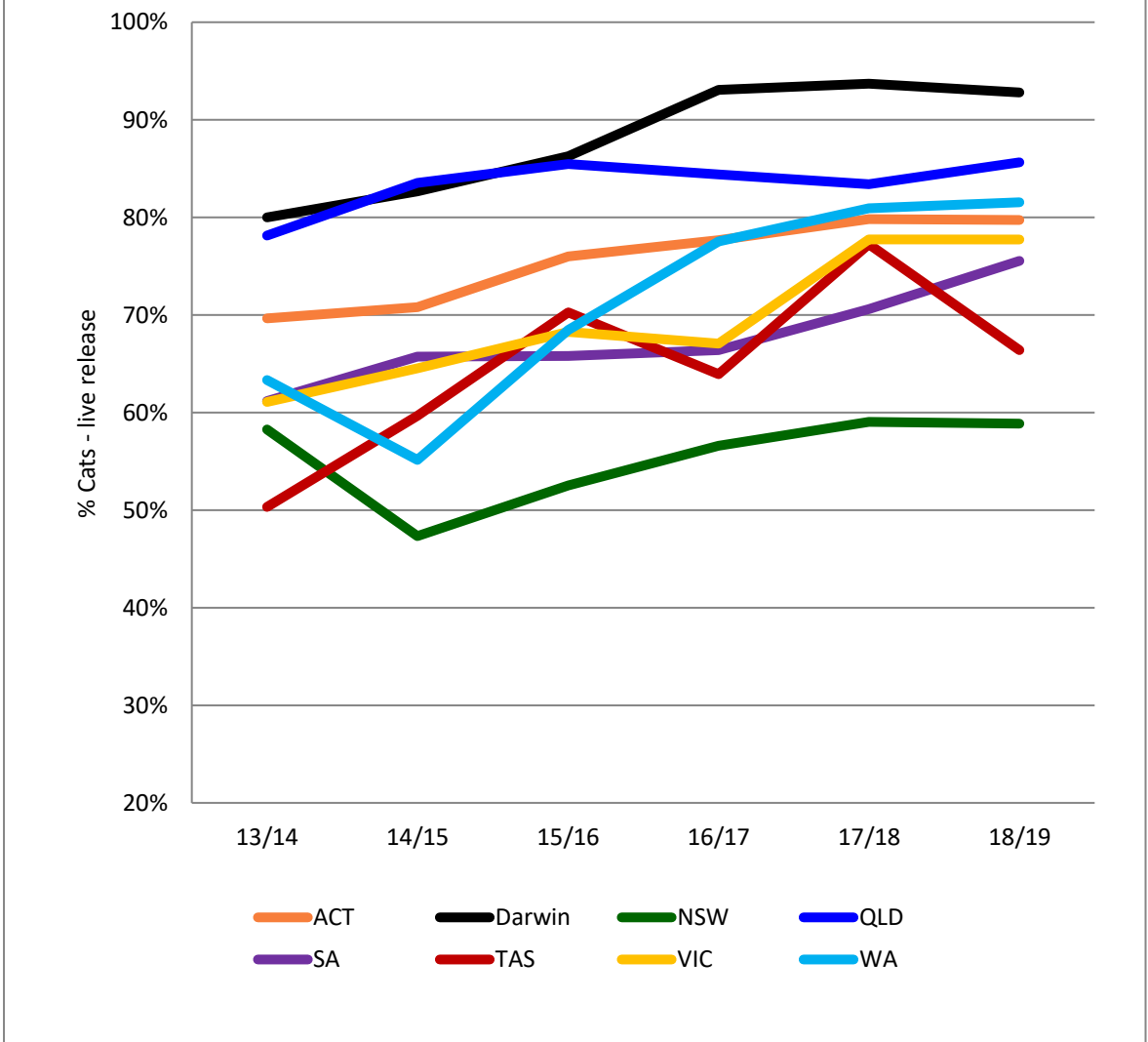
¹ RSPCA NSW does not include Council animals for FY 2011-2014.

Cat adoption and reclaim by owner rates by state are shown in Figure 13 and live release rate by state in Figure 14.



Note: Some RSPCA facilities may have a larger proportion of animals currently in long-term care which can influence the adoption and reclaim rate.

Figure 14: Cats - live release rate from RSPCA 2013-2019



Cruelty complaints

Separate to the RSPCA's adoption and advocacy work, the RSPCA's 98 Inspectors are authorised by the various state/territory governments to enforce animal welfare legislation (except in the NT, where enforcement is the sole responsibility of the Northern Territory Government).

In 2018-19, RSPCA Inspectors investigated 58,487 complaints of cruelty reported by members of the public, the majority of which were in relation to dog, cat, horse and livestock welfare. This is an increase of 1,395 from the previous year. In addition, RSPCA Inspectors revisited 7,347 complaints/incidents.

This year, the RSPCA laid 1,611 charges and finalised 376 prosecutions of which 362 were successful.

END OF REPORT